

**MONK**

**PT68K5**

**User's Manual**

**PALM BEACH SOFTWARE**

MONK is a simple debugging monitor for the 68020 microprocessor. It resides in 31K of memory and vectors all the Traps and Exceptions to its internal routines. There are also a number of User calls through Traps 0 - 14.

The prompt "MONK:" will be displayed when it is active and requesting a command. The following commands are available:

- A Display Assembly Code. Enter Hexadecimal Address. 11 lines of assembly code will be displayed. Any key will display 11 more lines and the ESC will return to MONK.
- B Set Breakpoint. Enter Hexadecimal Address. When the breakpoint is set the program will execute very slowly, because after each instruction the Trace exception will be taken and the program counter will be compared with the breakpoint address. If they are not equal the return from exception will be executed and the next instruction will be processed. This will continue until the breakpoint is reached when the PC, STACK & SR will be Displayed and the MONK prompt will be on the screen. Any MONK commands can now be used. This Breakpoint will work in a ROM. Don't place a breakpoint immediately after a TRAP instruction.
- C Change Register. Enter Register Name and the present contents will be displayed, you may now enter the new data.
- D Display Memory in Hex and ASCII. Enter Hex Address. Dn arrow will display next 16 bytes of memory, Up arrow will display previous 16 bytes of memory, and Space will display next 256 bytes. ESC will return to MONK.
- F Re-enter REXDOS.
- G Continue Execution from Breakpoint. If the Breakpoint is still set then the (T)race bit will stay set, if the Breakpoint has been Killed then the (T)race bit will be cleared.
- J Jump To. Enter Hex Address.
- K Kill Breakpoints. The address set with the "B" command will be cleared. If the QuickBreakpoint is set the code will be replaced and the address will be put into the Program Counter and then Cleared.
- L Load S1-3 Files. The Motorola S1, S2 & S3 format files will be loaded. S7, S8 and S9 records will terminate the load, set the Transfer address, and run the program. If the Transfer address is \$0000 the loader will return to MONK. If the S7-9 record is missing you must manually terminate the load by entering any key. Use COM2 and 9600 baud.

- M Memory Examine and Change. Enter Hex Address and the Address and contents of that address will be displayed. Enter a Hex digit and the memory contents will be changed. The Up arrow will display the previous location and any other char will display the next location. ESC will return to MONK.
- N Calculate Checksum. Enter starting address and ending address. The sum of all bytes between the two addresses will be calculated. The byte at the ending address is not counted.
- O Boot OS-9 68K
- P Display Breakpoint and Quick Breakpoint Addresses.
- Q Set Quick Breakpoint. Enter Hexadecimal Address. The Word at the Address will be Saved along with the Address, and the Trap #5 command inserted. The Processor will run at full speed Until the Breakpoint is reached. The processor will Halt, Display the Status and enter MONK. The PC is now 2 bytes beyond the Breakpoint address. In order to continue you must use the "K" command to restore the instruction and set the PC. This Breakpoint can halt code in Supervisor Mode, but **can not** be set in a ROM.
- R Display Registers.
- S Execute one Instruction at PC Address. Does not stop in Supervisor Mode.
- T Test Memory. Enter Starting & Ending addresses. The ESC key will terminate the test. In case of error the address will be displayed and the bad and correct bytes shown.
- V Load REXDOS from 37C65 DC, Physical Drive #0. Link Address must be in Track 0, Sector 1.
- W Load REXDOS from Hard Disk A. Link Address must be in Track #0, Sector 1, at the Cylinder specified in the partition table on Sector #2, Track #0, Cylinder #0, bytes 250 & 251, Bytes 0 & 1. Bytes 2 - 9 must contain an image of the DIT, which will be put by the HFORMAT routine. Byte 3 must be \$A0 for Master Drive.
- X Option Menu. A Menu will be displayed, make your choice. The Selection made here will be preserved in the battery backed up RAM at \$20000750 and the next time you Cold Start MONK the saved selection will be initialized.

- Y Load REXDOS from Hard Disk B. Link Address must be in Track #0, Sector 1, at the Cylinder specified in the partition table on Sector #2, Track #0, Cylinder #0, bytes 250 & 251, Bytes 0 & 1. Bytes 2 - 9 must contain an image of the DIT, which will be put by the HFORMAT routine. Byte 3 must be \$B0 for Slave Drive.
- Z Fill Memory. Enter Starting & Ending addresses and Fill Character.
- ? Help. Display the command set and the version number.

**The following TRAP instructions are available:**

- TRAP #0 Warm Start
- TRAP #1 Input Char, no Echo
- TRAP #2 Output Char
- TRAP #3 Restore Interrupts from Trap #4
- TRAP #4 Set Level 7 Interrupt Mask
- TRAP #5 Software Interrupt
- TRAP #6 Check if Char Ready. Return NEZ if Ready.
- TRAP #7 Clear KB Buffer
- TRAP #8 Clear all interrupts
- TRAP #9 Set Level 4 Interrupt Mask.
- TRAP #10 Set Level 6 Interrupt Mask.
- TRAP #11 Restore Interrupt Mask from Trap #10
- TRAP #12 Set VGA modes. # in D7 will result in :
- 01 - Set Video Mode 1 40x25 Text
  - 03 - Set Video Mode 3 80x25 Text
  - 0E - Set Video Mode E 640x200 Graphics
  - 10 - Set Video Mode 10 640x350 Graphics
  - 12 - Set Video Mode 12 640x480 Graphics
  - 13 - Set Video Mode 13 320x200 Graphics
  - 22 - Set Video Mode 22 132x44 Text
  - 23 - Set Video Mode 23 132x25 Text
  - 24 - Set Video Mode 24 132x28 Text
  - 26 - Set Video Mode 26 80x60 Text
  - 29 - Set Video Mode 29 800x600 Graphics
  - 2A - Set Video Mode 2A 100x40 Text
  - 2D - Set Video Mode 2D 640x350 Graphics
  - 2E - Set Video Mode 2E 640x480 Graphics
  - 2F - Set Video Mode 2F 640x400 Graphics
  - 30 - Set Video Mode 30 800x600 Graphics
  - 37 - Set Video Mode 37 1024x768 Graphics
  - 38 - Set Video Mode 38 1024x768 Graphics

53 - Set Video Mode 53 80x50 Text  
 80 - Screen Off  
 81 - Screen On  
 82 - Return Current Mode in D7  
 83 - Initialize Mode 3  
 84 - Set Default Mode  
 85 - Load PAL, A1=data. Rtn/D7=Next Data  
 86 - Load DAC, A1=data, Rtn/D7=Next Data  
 87 - Rtn/D7=Base Memory Address  
 88 - Rtn/D7=VGA Controller Address  
 89 - Clear Graphics Memory, D0=color  
 8A - Rtn/D7=Segment Register  
 8B - Write D0 to Segment Register  
 8C - Rtn/D7=Horizontal Resolution  
 8D - Rtn/D7=Vertical Resolution  
 8E - Rtn/D7=Number of Colors  
 8F - Set Default Mode, D0=Mode  
 90 - Set Graphics Position,D0=Column,D1=Row  
 91 - Output Text in Graphics Mode,A1=String  
 92 - Set Text Color, D0=color  
 93 - Set Cursor Color, D0=color  
 94 - Set Reverse Color, D0=color  
 95 - Unlock VGA controller  
 96 - Switch to Terminal  
 97 - Switch to PC & VGA Screen  
 98 - Set Border Color, D0=color  
 99 - Unlock Font  
 9A - Restore Sequencer  
     Rtn/D7=\$FF Error

Trap #13 Reserved for Cache Management.

Trap #14 Manage Timer & Sound. # in D7 will result in:

0 - Stop Timer & Return Count in D7.  
 1 - Write D0 to Preload Registers & Start Timer.  
 2 - Wait for Timeout, Write D0 to DAC & Reset ZDS.  
 3 - Iniz Timer to 40 usec, (25kc).  
 4 - Rtn/D0=Date,Hrs,Min,Sec  
 5 - Rtn Duart #1 Addr in D7.  
 6 - Rtn Duart #2 Addr in D7.  
 7 - Rtn Pia Addr in D7.

BREAK or PAUSE (CNTL NUMLOCK) Will will cause the Program to halt after the next instruction in User Mode. If a Program is waiting for Input it will be in Supervisor Mode and you must depress a key to get the Halt.

When the "\$" is displayed you are to enter a Hex number, the last 8 digits entered are used. Backspace does not work. Terminate entry with a C/R.

At Power On, MONK will beep the speaker and then look for a Terminal connected to COM1 by sending a \$1B3F. If not found it will proceed to initialize for a PC keyboard and VGA screen. If a Terminal is found, it will try 19.2K baud rate, and then default to 9600. Monk will accept input from either the PC keyboard or the Terminal keyboard; however, programs using Traps for I/O will use the selected I/O devices.

Keyboard input is to a buffer at \$20000008. Interrupt Level 5 vector will point to the keyboard routine that has been selected. If Level 5 interrupts have been masked, then no keyboard input is allowed. MONK operates with Level 6 set and uses special routines to input directly from the Keyboards. Input characters are still placed in the buffer.

Input through Trap #1 at \$84 checks for a character in the buffer, if not there it will wait. When a character is available it will be returned in register D0. All other registers are preserved.

Output for MONK. Register D0.B is displayed through Trap #2 vector at \$88. This points to the output routine and can be changed by the user program. All other register are preserved.

## SMARTTE the Smart Terminal Emulator

Output through the VGA card and Terminal monitor is controlled by SMARTTE. The command sequences are a subset of the Televideo TV-905 and are compatible with Wyse WY-50 and other popular terminals.

The following keys and key combinations comprise the command set of SMARTTE.

CTL G	\$07	BELL
CTL H	\$08	BACKSPACE, the cursor will be moved right 1 space. If the cursor is at the home position, no action.
CTL I	\$09	TAB, If screen is write protected the cursor will be moved to the beginning of the next unprotected field. If write protect is off, no action.
CTL J	\$0A	LINE FEED, The cursor will advance 1 line. If the cursor is on line 24 the Screen will scroll up one line and a new blank line inserted on line 24, if write protect is on the cursor will go to line 1.

CTL K	\$0B	UP ARROW, The cursor will go back 1 line. If the cursor is on line 1, no action.
CTL L	\$0C	RIGHT ARROW, The cursor will advance 1 position. If the cursor is at the end of a line it will go to the beginning of the next line. If write protect is on the cursor will move to the next unprotected character.
CTL M	\$0D	Carriage RETURN, The cursor will move to the beginning of the current line.
CTL ^	\$1E	HOME, The cursor will move to the top left corner of the screen. If write protect is on it will move to the first unprotected character position on the screen.
CTL _	\$1F	NEWLINE, The cursor will move to the beginning of the next line. If the cursor is on line 24 the screen will scroll up one line and a new blank line inserted on line 24, if write protect is on the cursor will go to line 1.
ESC "	\$1B22	UNLOCK KEYBOARD, Any characters in the input buffer will be cleared.
ESC #	\$1B23	LOCK KEYBOARD.
ESC &	\$1B26	SET WRITE PROTECTION, All characters written in Write Protect Mode (low intensity) will be locked in their position on the screen. No scrolling will be allowed and the cursor can not be moved to a protected position.
ESC '	\$1B27	CLEAR WRITE PROTECTION, Remove Write Protection.
ESC (	\$1B28	WRITE HIGH INTENSITY CHARACTERS(Write Unprotected), Normal condition.
ESC )	\$1B29	WRITE LOW INTENSITY CHARACTERS(Write Protected), All characters will be written in low intensity and if Write Protect is Set they will be locked in position.
ESC *	\$1B2A	CLEAR ALL, Screen will be cleared to Unprotected spaces (high intensity), write protection will be removed, any attributes will be cleared and the cursor moved to Home.

ESC . n	\$1B2E	CURSOR ATTRIBUTES, The next byte sent will determine the visual attributes to be displayed on the screen.
	1 \$31	Change cursor color.
	2 \$32	Restore cursor color.
ESC 4	\$1B34	SEND LINE TO CURSOR, The unprotected characters will be sent from the beginning of the line up to and including the cursor position.
ESC 5	\$1B35	SEND PAGE TO CURSOR, The unprotected characters will be sent from the beginning of the screen up to and including the cursor position.
ESC :	\$1B3A	CLEAR UNPROTECTED TO NULLS, Clear all unprotected characters to null characters.
ESC ;	\$1B3B	CLEAR UNPROTECTED TO SPACES, Clear all unprotected characters to space characters.
ESC = r,c	\$1B3D	MOVE CURSOR TO ROW & COLUMN, The next two characters sent specify the Row and Column positions with an offset of \$20. Space, Space is Home position.
ESC ?	\$1B3F	READ CURSOR POSITION, The next three characters returned will be the Row & Column position of the cursor with an offset of \$20 and a C/R.
ESC E	\$1B45	INSERT LINE, All lines including the cursor line will be moved down 1 line, the last line will be lost. A line of spaces will be inserted at the cursor line. The cursor will stay put. If Write Protect is Set no action.
ESC G n	\$1B47	SCREEN ATTRIBUTES, The next byte sent will determine the visual attributes to be displayed on the screen.
	0 \$30	Stop all attributes.
	2 \$32	Start Blinking.
	4 \$34	Start Reverse Video
	6 \$36	Start Blink & Reverse Video.
	8 \$38	Start Underline.
	: \$3A	Start Underline & Blink.



ESC I	\$1B49	BACKTAB, If Write Protect is Set the cursor will move backwards to the beginning of the Unprotected field, if the cursor is at the beginning of a field it will move to the beginning of the previous unprotected field. If Protection is Clear it cursor will Backspace.
ESC Q	\$1B51	INSERT CHARACTER, All characters on the line, from the cursor position including the character under the cursor are moved to the right 1 position and a space inserted at the cursor position. If Write Protect is on, only those character in the unprotected field are moved.
ESC R	\$1B52	DELETE LINE, The cursor line is deleted, all following lines are moved up and a blank line inserted at line 24. If Write Protect is Set, no action.
ESC T	\$1B54	CLEAR TO EOL, The cursor line is cleared to spaces from the cursor to the end of the line. If Write Protect is Set then only clearing to the end of the current unprotected field.
ESC W	\$1B57	DELETE CHARACTER, The character under the cursor is Deleted and all the characters on the cursor line are moved left 1 position. A space is put at the last position on the cursor line. If Write Protect is Set only the characters in the current unprotected field will be moved.
ESC Y	\$1B59	CLEAR TO EOP, The screen is cleared from the cursor to the end of line 24. If Write Protect is Set, no action.
ESC f	\$1B66	WRITE STATUS LINE, The Status line (line 25) will be cleared and the next characters received will be displayed on line 25 in Reverse Video. A C/R will terminate entry and restore the cursor to its original position. The RIGHT ARROW Key (\$0C) will move the cursor nondestructively.
ESC C/R	\$1B0D	DISPLAY Carriage RETURN, A left pointing arrow will be displayed.

**THE IBM KEYBOARD**

The IBM Keyboard is fully decoded and returns the following character(s) for each key press. Function keys return 3 characters \$01,\$XX,\$0D. Some other special keys return 2 characters \$1B,\$XX. (\$--) means no effect.

KEY #	Lower Case	Upper Case	CONTROL	NUMLOCK	ASCII
1	\$1B	\$9B	\$1B	\$--	ESC
2	\$31	\$21	\$00	\$--	1,!,NUL,1,!
3	\$32	\$40	\$00	\$--	2,@,NUL,2,@
4	\$33	\$23	\$00	\$--	3,#,NUL,3,#
5	\$34	\$24	\$00	\$--	4,\$,NUL,4,\$
6	\$35	\$25	\$00	\$--	5,%,NUL,5,%
7	\$36	\$5E	\$1E	\$--	6,^,RS,6,^
8	\$37	\$26	\$00	\$--	7,&,NUL,7,&
9	\$38	\$2A	\$00	\$--	8,*,NUL,8,*
10	\$39	\$28	\$00	\$--	9,(,NUL,9,(
11	\$30	\$29	\$00	\$--	0,),NUL,0,)
12	\$2D	\$5F	\$1F	\$--	-,_,US,-,_
13	\$3D	\$2B	\$00	\$--	=,+,NUL,=,+
14	\$08	\$08	\$08	\$--	BS,BS,BS,BS
15	\$09	\$1B49	\$1B31	\$--	HT,BTAB,TAB
16	\$71	\$51	\$11	\$--	q,Q,DC1,q,Q
17	\$77	\$57	\$17	\$--	w,W,ETB,w,W
18	\$65	\$45	\$05	\$--	e,E,END,e,E
19	\$72	\$52	\$12	\$--	r,R,DC2,r,R
20	\$74	\$54	\$14	\$--	t,T,DC4,t,T
21	\$79	\$59	\$19	\$--	y,Y,EM,y,Y
22	\$75	\$55	\$15	\$--	u,U,NAK,u,U
23	\$69	\$49	\$09	\$--	i,I,HT,i,I
24	\$6F	\$4F	\$0F	\$--	o,O,SI,o,O
25	\$70	\$50	\$10	\$--	p,P,DLE,p,P
26	\$5B	\$7B	\$1B	\$--	[,{,ESC,[,{
27	\$5D	\$7D	\$1D	\$--	],},GS,],}
28	\$0D	\$0D	\$0D	\$--	C/R,C/R,C/R
29	\$--	\$--	\$--	\$--	CONTROL KEY
30	\$61	\$41	\$01	\$--	a,A,SOH,a,A
31	\$73	\$53	\$13	\$--	s,S,DC3,s,S
32	\$64	\$44	\$04	\$--	d,D,EOT,d,D
33	\$66	\$46	\$06	\$--	f,F,ACK,f,F
34	\$67	\$47	\$07	\$--	g,G,BEL,g,G
35	\$68	\$48	\$08	\$--	h,H,BS,h,H
36	\$6A	\$4A	\$0A	\$--	j,J,LF,j,J
37	\$6B	\$4B	\$0B	\$--	k,K,VT,k,K
38	\$6C	\$4C	\$0C	\$--	l,L,FF,l,L
39	\$3B	\$3A	\$3B	\$--	;;;:;:
40	\$27	\$22	\$27	\$--	'"'"'
41	\$60	\$7E	\$00	\$--	~,~,NUL,~,~
42	\$--	\$--	\$--	\$--	LEFT SHIFT

**MONITOR PROGRAM FOR PT68K5**

**PALM BEACH SOFTWARE**

43	\$5C	\$7C	\$1C	\$--	\,!,FS,\,!
44	\$7A	\$5A	\$1A	\$--	z,Z,SUB,z,Z
45	\$78	\$58	\$18	\$--	x,X,CAN,x,X
46	\$63	\$43	\$03	\$--	c,C,ETX,c,C
47	\$76	\$56	\$16	\$--	v,V,SYN,v,V
48	\$62	\$42	\$02	\$--	b,B,STX,b,B
49	\$6E	\$4E	\$0E	\$--	n,N,SO,n,N
50	\$6D	\$4D	\$0D	\$--	m,M,CR,m,M
51	\$2C	\$3C	\$2C	\$--	,,<,,,,<
52	\$2E	\$3E	\$2E	\$--	.,>,,,,<
53	\$2F	\$3F	\$2F	\$--	/,?,/,/,?
54	\$--	\$--	\$--	\$--	RIGHT SHIFT
55	\$2A	\$2A	\$2A	\$--	GREY STAR
56	\$--	\$--	\$--	\$--	ALT KEY
57	\$20	\$20	\$7F	\$--	SP,SP,DEL,SP
58	\$--	\$--	\$--	\$--	CAPS LOCK
59	\$01420D	\$01620D	\$01420D	\$--	(F1) PREV
60	\$01430D	\$01630D	\$01430D	\$--	(F2) NEXT
61	\$01440D	\$01640D	\$01440D	\$--	(F3) LOCAT
62	\$01450D	\$01650D	\$01450D	\$--	(F4) LOAD
63	\$01460D	\$01660D	\$01460D	\$--	(F5) TEST
64	\$01470D	\$01670D	\$01470D	\$--	(F6) FIRST
65	\$01490D	\$01690D	\$01490D	\$--	(F7) ADD
66	\$014A0D	\$016A0D	\$014A0D	\$--	(F8) REPL
67	\$014B0D	\$016B0D	\$014B0D	\$--	(F9) EXIT
68	\$014C0D	\$016C0D	\$014C0D	\$--	(F10) DIAL
69	\$--	\$--	HALT	\$--	NUM LOCK KEY
70	\$1B40	\$1B37	\$1B37	\$--	SCROLL LOCK
71	\$1E	\$1E	\$1E	\$37	HOME (7)
72	\$0B	\$0B	\$0B	\$38	UP ARROW (8)
73	\$01410D	\$01610D	\$01410D	\$39	PGUP (9)
74	\$1B54	\$1B59	\$1B54	\$--	CLR EOL,EOP(G-)
75	\$08	\$08	\$08	\$34	LEFT ARROW (4)
76	\$0A	\$0A	\$0A	\$35	(5)
77	\$0C	\$0C	\$0C	\$36	RIGHT ARROW (6)
78	\$1B4B	\$1B4B	\$1B4B	\$--	INS TEXT (G+)
79	\$01480D	\$016801	\$014801	\$31	END (1)
80	\$0A	\$0A	\$0A	\$32	DOWN ARROW (2)
81	\$01400D	\$01600D	\$01400D	\$33	PGDN (3)
82	\$1B51	\$1B51	\$1B45	\$30	INS (0)
83	\$1B57	\$1B57	\$1B52	\$2E	DEL (.)
84	\$2A	\$2A	\$2A	\$--	(SYSREG) ALT
85	\$014D0D	\$016D0D	\$014D0D	\$--	(F11) DELETE
86	\$014E0D	\$016E0D	\$014D0D	\$--	(F12) HELP

If CAPSLOCK is on, the Shift key will output lower case alpha characters. When the ALT key is depressed the characters output will be \$01,char,\$0D. Cntl SPACE will output the DEL character(\$7F).

## Memory Map

00000000 - 000003FF	Exception Vectors
	0024 - Trace & Breakpoint vector
	0074 - Level 5 Vector (Keyboard)
	007C - Level 7 Vector (Abort)
	0080 - Trap #0 Warm Start
	0084 - Trap #1 Input Char
	0088 - Trap #2 Output Char
	008C - Trap #3 Disable Interrupts
	0090 - Trap #4 Enable Interrupts
	0094 - Trap #5 Software Interrupt
	0098 - Trap #6 Character ready
	009C - Trap #7 Clear KB Buffer
	00A0 - Trap #8 Clear Interrupt Mask
	00A4 - Trap #9 Set Level 4 Interrupt Mask
	00A8 - Trap #10 Set Level 6 Interrupt Mask
	00AC - Trap #11 Restore Trap #10 Mask
	00B0 - Trap #12 VGA Mode Select
	00B4 - Trap #13 Cache Management
	00B8 - Trap #14 Sound and Timer Management
	00BC - Trap #15 Not in Use
	00FC Motor off Vector (37C65)
08000000 - 0FFFFFFF	IBM Slot Memory
	080A0000 Font & Graphics Memory Address
	080B8000 VGA Text memory base address
10000000 - 17FFFFFFF	IBM Slot I/O Ports
	100003F2 WD37C65 Operation Reg
	100003F4 WD37C65 Master Status Reg
	100003F5 WD37C65 Data & command Reg
	100003F7 WD37C65 Control Reg
18000000 - 1FFFFFFF	EPROM Space
	18000000 OS9 Boot ROM
	18010000 MONK ROM
20000000 - 27FFFFFFF	PT68K5 Peripheral Space
	20000000 - 200007DF MK48T02 Clock/2K RAM
	20000000 - 20000003 KB output pointer
	20000004 - 20000007 KB input pointer
	20000008 - 200003E8 Keyboard buffer
	20000400 - 20000700 Supervisor Stack

20000700 - 20000782	MONK Temps
20000704	Breakpoint Addr
20000708	Trace Flag
2000070A	Status Reg Temp
2000070C	Level 6 Int Temp
2000070E	Quick BP Addr
20000712	Quick BP Code
20000716	Cache Temp
20000720	Ctl Press = True
20000721	Shift Press = True
20000722	Alt Press = True
20000723	SFT Lock on = True
20000724	NUM Lock on = True
20000725	Low Intens = True
20000726	Attribute byte
20000727	Write Prot = True
20000728	Current Mem Pos
2000072A	Old Mem Pos
2000072C	Line Address
2000072E	Next COM Address
20000732	Adapt Base Addr
20000736	Fill Word
20000737	Screen Color
20000738	Cursor Attribute
20000739	REG Video Color
2000074F	Volume Byte
20000750	Auto Boot Byte
20000752	VGA Speed SW
20000753	Video Mode
20000754	Default Mode
20000755	Interlace SW
20000756	Oscillator byte
20000757	# of colors
20000757	Screen Width
2000075A	Screen Size
2000075E	X - Resolution
20000762	Y - Resolution
20000766	Graphics Column #
2000076A	Graphics Row #
2000076E	Horizontal size
20000772	Graphics Color
2000077F	Byte,Word,Long SW
20000780	Decoder Work Area
20000784	Opcode Temp

200007F8 - 200007FF	Clock Registers
200007F8	Control
200007F9	Seconds 00-59
200007FA	Minutes 00-59
200007FB	Hours 00-23
200007FC	Day 00-07
200007FD	Date 01-31
200007FE	Month 01-12
200007FF	Year 00-99

## MC68681 DUART #1

20004001	Mode Reg A
20004003	Status/Clock Reg A
20004005	Command Reg A
20004007	Receive/Transmit Buffer A
20004009	AUX Control Reg
2000400B	Interrupt Status/Mask Reg
2000400D	Count/Timer High
2000400F	Count/Timer Low
20004011	Mode Reg B
20004013	Status/Clock Reg B
20004015	Command Reg B
20004017	Receive/Transmit Buffer B
2000401B	OPCR Output Port Configuration

## MC68681 DUART #2

20004041	Mode Reg A
20004043	Status/Clock Reg A
20004045	Command Reg A
20004047	Receive/Transmit Buffer A
20004049	AUX Control Reg
2000404B	Interrupt Status/Mask Reg
2000404D	Count/Timer High
2000404F	Count/Timer Low
20004051	Mode Reg B
20004053	Status/Clock Reg B
20004055	Command Reg B
20004057	Receive/Transmit Buffer B
2000405B	OPCR Output Port Configuration

## MC68230 PIA Registers

20004080	PGCR General Control Reg
20004084	PADDR Data Direction Reg A
20004086	PBDDR Data Direction Reg B
2000408C	PACR Control Reg A
2000408E	PBCR Control Reg B
20004090	PADR Data Reg A
20004092	PBDR Data Reg B
2000409A	PSR Port Status Reg
200040A0	Timer Control Reg
200040A6	CPRL Preload High
200040A8	CPRM Preload Medium
200040AA	CPRL Preload Low
200040AE	CNTRH Counter High
200040B0	CNTRM Counter Medium
200040B2	CNTRL Counter Low
200040B4	TSR Status Reg

## Keyboard Register

20004100	Status
20004140	Data

## DAC Chip

20004140	Data Reg
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## Hard Disk Controller Reg

20004180	Read/Write Regs
20004183	Error Reg
20004185	Sector Count Reg
20004187	Sector Number Reg
20004189	Cylinder # Low
2000418B	Cylinder # High
2000418D	Size, Drive & Head Reg
2000418F	Status/Command Reg

20008000 - 2000FFFF	Static RAM
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